

# **Measuring Neural Network Activity on MEA:** *Co-culture of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes*

## Introduction

iCell<sup>®</sup> GlutaNeurons are a population of primarily glutamatergic (>70%) cortical neurons derived from human induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSC). These cells are fully differentiated and highly pure based on expression of various neuronal markers. Plus, they are shipped cryopreserved and ready-to-use. iCell GlutaNeurons fire rapidly post-thaw to form excitatory networks, displaying typical electrophysiological characteristics of *in vitro* cultured neurons.

iCell<sup>®</sup> Astrocytes are specialized glial cells also derived from human iPSC. Astrocytes play an essential but complex role in the maintenance of a healthy central nervous system. When combined, co-cultures of iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes provide a readily accessible and consistent in vitro model of neural network function and communication.

Microelectrode array (MEA) technology is an important tool for plate-based, multi-well measurements of neuronal electrophysiology. Co-culture assays with iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes in MEA plates can be easily maintained for extended periods of time. Since MEA recordings are non-invasive and label-free, the development of synchronously bursting neural networks can be monitored over the course of the experiment. The flexibility of this assay allows users to decide what day in culture is optimal for their intended application.

This Application Protocol describes how to culture iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes together in either a 48-well or 96-well MEA plate format to establish robust baseline network activity on the Maestro Pro MEA system. Suggested workflows, details on how to record and analyze MEA data, and examples of drug-induced seizurogenic responses with tool compounds are also included.

## **Required Equipment, Consumables, and Software**

The following equipment, consumables, and software are required in addition to the materials specified in the iCell GlutaNeurons User's Guide.

Item	Vendor	Catalog Number
Equipment		
12-channel Pipettor, 200 μl	Multiple Vendors	
Maestro Pro MEA System	Axion BioSystems	
Consumables		
iCell GlutaNeurons Kit, 01279	FUJIFILM Cellular Dynamics, Inc.	R1034
iCell Neural Supplement B, 2 ml (50X)	FUJIFILM Cellular Dynamics, Inc.	(incl. in R1034)
iCell Nervous System Supplement, 1 ml (100X)	FUJIFILM Cellular Dynamics, Inc.	(incl. in R1034)
iCell Astrocytes Kit, 01434	FUJIFILM Cellular Dynamics, Inc.	R1092
Borate Buffer (20X)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	28341
BrainPhys™ Neuronal Medium	STEMCELL Technologies	05790
Centrifuge Tubes, 1.5, 15, and 50 ml	Multiple Vendors	
DPBS, no calcium, no magnesium	Multiple Vendors	
Laminin Solution, from Mouse EHS Tumor ‡	FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Corp.	120-05751
N-2 Supplement (100X)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	17502-048
Penicillin-Streptomycin (100X)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	15140-022
50% Polyethyleneimine (PEI) Solution §	Sigma-Aldrich	181978-100G
Sterile Disposable Reagent Reservoirs	Multiple Vendors	
0.22 um Sterile Vacuum Filter Unit	Multiple Vendors	
Sterile Water	Multiple Vendors	
48-well or 96-well MEA plate	Axion BioSystems	M768-BIO-48 or -96 M768-KAP-48 or -96 M768-tMEA-48 or -96

Software		
AxIS Navigator Software	Axion BioSystems	Latest Version
Axion Metric Plotting Tool	Axion BioSystems	Latest Version
Neural Metric Tool	Axion BioSystems	Latest Version

**†** Additional media supplements will be required to make enough complete BrainPhys medium to carry out the assay beyond two weeks. iCell GlutaNeurons Media Kit (Cat. No. R1149), which contains 2 ml of iCell Neural Supplement B and 1 ml of iCell Nervous System Supplement, can be purchased separately.

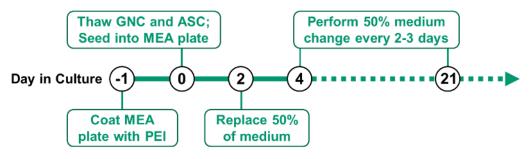
**‡** Various sources of laminin have been tested with equivalent results, including Sigma-Aldrich Cat. No. L2020.

**§** Various sources of PEI have been tested with equivalent results, including Sigma-Aldrich Cat. No. P3143 and Fujifilm Wako Pure Chemical Corp. Cat. No. 167-11951.

## Workflow

Numerous factors contribute to the development of an electrically active and synchronously bursting neural network. As a result, there can be some variation in this assay for the optimal time point to start dosing with compounds. Since MEA technology is non-invasive and label-free, however, it is possible to measure the baseline activity of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture repeatedly over time. FCDI suggests performing MEA recordings at Day 7 and Day 14, initially, and then more frequently after that. The recommended time window to assess pro-seizurogenic responses typically ranges between 21 and 35 days (3-5 weeks). An example assay workflow is as follows:

- Day (-1): Coat 48-well or 96-well MEA plate with PEI. Allow to dry overnight.
- Day 0: Thaw iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes separately in complete BrainPhys medium; then combine them together to seed/dot into the PEI-coated MEA plate.
- Day 2: Replace 50% of the spent culture medium with complete BrainPhys medium.
- Day 4 and beyond: 50% medium changes every 2-3 days; perform baseline recordings to monitor neuronal activity.
- Day 21 or later ("day of assay"): perform a medium change, wait 2-4 hours, record baseline activity, dose with compounds, and record drug response.



**Note:** MEA assays with iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes are compatible with a "weekend-free" assay workflow. Changing medium Friday late afternoon and then Monday morning is recommended.

## **Tips Before Starting**

- 1. Refer to the User's Guides for iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes for information on storage and handling of the cells and media supplements.
- 2. Prepare the intermediate 10% PEI stock solution in advance. It is recommended to prepare the 0.1% PEI solution fresh on the day of coating the MEA plate.
- 3. Thaw the laminin solution at 4°C overnight prior to use. Do not thaw at 37°C.
- 4. Addition of Penicillin-Streptomycin into complete BrainPhys medium is optional but recommended.
- 5. Additional media supplements (Catalog No. R1149 for iCell Neural Supplement B and iCell Nervous System Supplement) are required for cell culture and MEA assay >14 days.
- 6. Recording of baseline MEA activity before the desired day of assay is recommended to determine that synchronous network bursting is present and that the cells are ready for assay. Compound dosing on Day 21 specifically vs. 1-2 days later (for example) does not result in a significant difference in assay performance or compound response.

## **Methods**

## Preparing the PEI solution

- 1. Prepare an intermediate solution (10% w/w) of PEI by pouring  $\sim$ 2 ml of the 50% PEI stock solution into a tared 15 ml centrifuge tube. Centrifuge at 400  $\times$  g for 5 minutes.
- 2. Determine the weight (in grams) of PEI solution. By weighing out a known amount of PEI, the stock solution can be diluted with water to a known volume (density of water is 1.0 g/ml, thus 1 ml = 1 g).

**Note:** An example calculation is 2 g of the 50% PEI stock solution is diluted with 8 ml of sterile water to a final volume of 10 ml to obtain an intermediate 10% PEI solution (w/w).

3. Mix the intermediate 10% PEI solution in the 15 ml centrifuge tube to dissolve.

**Note:** PEI is a viscous material and may require extended vortexing or mixing overnight on a benchtop rocker at room temperature to dissolve completely.

*Note:* This intermediate 10% PEI solution may be aliquoted and stored at -20°C for future use.

- 4. Prepare 100 ml of 1X borate buffer by diluting 5 ml of 20X borate buffer with 95 ml of sterile water.
- 5. Prepare a working 0.1% PEI solution by diluting 1 ml of the intermediate 10% PEI solution with 99 ml of 1X borate buffer. Sterile filter the working solution through a vacuum filter unit.

**Note:** It is recommended to make the 0.1% PEI working solution fresh before each use. If needed, the 0.1% PEI working solution can be made a day in advance and stored at 4°C for up to one week.

## Coating the MEA plate with PEI

- 1. Dispense 80 μl/well of the 0.1% PEI working solution to the 48-well or 96-well MEA plate directly over the electrodes at the center of each well with a multi-channel pipette. Incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 2. Aspirate the PEI solution from the MEA plate. Do not allow the wells to dry out.
- Immediately rinse the plate with sterile water two times with ≥500 µl/well for a 48-well MEA plate and ≥300 µl/well for a 96-well MEA plate.
- Rinse the plate with DPBS two times with ≥500 µl/well for a 48-well MEA plate and ≥300 µl/well for a 96-well MEA plate.
- 5. Allow the MEA plate to air-dry overnight in a sterile biological safety cabinet face down with the lid removed.

**Note:** It is critical to thoroughly rinse the MEA plate (finishing with DPBS) and then allow it to dry overnight to achieve optimal cell attachment and maximal assay performance.

## **Preparing the Media**

1. Thaw the iCell Neural Supplement B and iCell Nervous System Supplement at room temperature and the laminin stock solution at 4°C overnight.

Note: Do not vortex or thaw the stock laminin solution in a 37°C water bath.

2. Prepare **complete BrainPhys medium** according to the table below. Refer to the User's Guide for iCell GlutaNeurons for additional information.

**Note:** Complete medium can be stored at 4°C for up to two weeks. Given the workflow in this application protocol, additional medium will need to be prepared over the course of the assay.

Complete BrainPhys Medium – 10	)0 ml
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Component	Volume	Final Concentration
BrainPhys Neuronal Medium	95 ml	N/A
iCell Neural Supplement B (50X)	2 ml	1X
iCell Nervous System Supplement (100X)	1 ml	1X
N-2 Supplement (100X)	1 ml	1X
Laminin Solution (1 mg/ml)	0.1 ml	1 μg/ml
Penicillin-streptomycin (100X) <optional></optional>	1 ml	1X

- Filter sterilize the complete BrainPhys medium using a 0.22 μm filter before use and store at 4°C, protected from light, for up to two weeks.
- 4. Prepare an aliquot of **dotting medium** for the subsequent cell seeding steps using the materials and volumes indicated in the table below.

Note: Dotting medium will be used to resuspend both iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes.

Volume	Final Concentration
1.8 ml	N/A
0.2 ml	0.1 mg/ml
	1.8 ml

## Thawing iCell GlutaNeurons for MEA Assay

The following procedure details the thawing of <u>one</u> vial of iCell GlutaNeurons and <u>one</u> vial of iCell Astrocytes into a 48-well MEA plate at a density of 120,000 and 20,000 cells/well, respectively. Hence, two vials of each cell type will be needed to fill a 96-well MEA plate.

1. Obtain the cell viability and number of viable cells per vial from the Certificate of Analysis (CoA) for the specific lot of iCell GlutaNeurons.

Note: Each CoA can be found online: fujifilmcdi.com/resources/coa-lookup/

- 2. Allow complete BrainPhys medium to equilibrate to room temperature for 10-15 minutes prior to use.
- **3.** Thaw cells into a sterile 50 ml centrifuge tube according to the iCell GlutaNeurons User's Guide and dilute cell suspension with complete BrainPhys medium to a final volume of 10 ml.
- 4. Remove a sample of the cell suspension to manually count the cells using a hemocytometer to confirm viability and total number of viable cells before plating.

**Note:** With proper handling, expect to recover within 20% of the numbers listed in the CoA. The use of an automated cell counter without prior optimization for iCell GlutaNeurons is not recommended.

5. Transfer the cell suspension to a sterile 15 ml centrifuge tube and proceed to thawing iCell Astrocytes.

## Thawing iCell Astrocytes for MEA Assay

1. Obtain the cell viability and number of viable cells per vial from the Certificate of Analysis (CoA) for the specific lot of iCell Astrocytes.

Note: Each CoA can be found online: fujifilmcdi.com/resources/coa-lookup/

- 2. Thaw cells into a sterile 50 ml centrifuge tube according to the iCell Astrocytes User's Guide and dilute the cell suspension with complete BrainPhys medium to a final volume of 5 ml.
- **3.** Remove a sample of the cell suspension to manually count the cells using hemocytometer to confirm viability and total number of viable cells before plating.

Note: With proper handling, expect to recover >1 million viable cells.

4. Transfer the cell suspension to a sterile 15 ml centrifuge tube and proceed to the next step.

## **Preparing Cell Suspensions**

- 1. Concentrate the cells by spinning both centrifuge tubes at 400 x g for 5 minutes.
- 2. Determine the volume of dotting medium required to obtain a cell density of **15x10<sup>6</sup> iCell Gluta**-**Neurons/ml** based on the manual cell counts measured above. Subtract 50 μl from this number.
- **3.** Aspirate the supernatant being careful not to disturb the cell pellet, leaving approximately 50 μl above the pellet.
- 4. Gently resuspend the cell pellet of iCell GlutaNeurons with the final volume of **dotting medium** determined above in step 2.
- 5. Transfer the iCell GlutaNeurons cell suspension to a sterile 1.5 ml centrifuge tube and label accordingly.

**Note:** The cell suspension volume of iCell GlutaNeurons from the  $\ge 6M$  vial size should be  $\ge 400 \ \mu$ l.

- 6. Determine the volume of dotting medium required to obtain a cell density of 6.7x10<sup>6</sup> iCell Astrocytes/ml based on the manual cell counts measured above. Subtract 50 μl from this number.
- Aspirate the supernatant being careful not to disturb the cell pellet, leaving approximately 50 μl above the cell pellet.
- 8. Gently resuspend the cell pellet of iCell Astrocytes with the final volume of **dotting medium** determined above in step 6.
- 9. Transfer the iCell Astrocytes cell suspension to a sterile 1.5 ml centrifuge tube and label accordingly.

**Note:** The cell suspension volume of iCell Astrocytes from  $\geq 1M$  vial size should be  $\geq 150 \mu$ l.

#### Plating Co-Cultures of iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes into the MEA plate

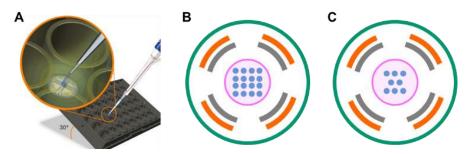
The following procedure describes the plating (or dotting) of cells into a 48-well MEA plate. Since the same number of cells/well is needed for both 48-well MEA and 96-well MEA plates, two vials of each cell type are needed for the 96-well MEA plate format.

 Prepare a "master mix" of both cell types together in a new sterile 1.5 ml centrifuge tube by combining 400 μl of the iCell GlutaNeurons and 150 μl of the iCell Astrocytes cell suspensions. The final volume should be approximately 550 μl and yields a final neuron to astrocyte ratio of 6:1.

**Note:** On a per well basis, 8  $\mu$ l of iCell GlutaNeurons (120,000) and 3  $\mu$ l of iCell Astrocytes (20,000) are cultured on an MEA plate, so the minimum volume required for a 48-well MEA plate is  $\geq$ 528  $\mu$ l. Mixing at least 400  $\mu$ l of iCell GlutaNeurons with150  $\mu$ l of iCell Astrocytes is recommended to cover the whole plate.

Dispense an 11 µl droplet of the "master mix" (approximately 140,000 total cells) over the recording electrode area of each well with the MEA plate tilted at a 30° angle so that the bottom of the well is visible (see Figure 1 for droplet placement).

**Note:** FCDI recommends dispensing one row (or one column) at a time and mixing the cell suspension between each row to prevent the cells from settling and to ensure even distribution of cells across the plate. Close the lid on the 1.5 ml centrifuge tube and gently flick to the centrifuge tube to mix. Use 20  $\mu$ l pipette tips for this step, preferably with a long thin ending to ensure droplet formation and simplify dotting the cells.



**Figure 1. Dotting of cells in an MEA plate.** A) Tilt the plate at a 30° angle to aid in visualization of the plate bottom; B) schematic of the droplet location (highlighted in pink) over the 16 electrodes in one well of a 48-well MEA plate; C) droplet location over the 8 electrodes a 96-well MEA plate.

- 3. Repeat dotting step until all wells of the MEA plate have been filled with the master mix of cells.
- 4. Add 2-3 ml of sterile water to the area surrounding the wells of the MEA plate to limit evaporation. Do not allow water into the wells.

**Note:** FCDI recommends adding the water <u>after</u> dotting the cell suspension to avoid water leaking into wells when the MEA plate is tilted.

- 5. Cover the MEA plate with the lid and incubate it in a cell culture incubator at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> for approximately 1 hour.
- 6. Remove the MEA plate from the cell culture incubator and work in a biological safety cabinet.
- 7. If using a 48-well MEA plate, load a 12-channel pipettor with sterile tips, removing tips from the positions identified in **Figure 2** to deliver medium to the plate.

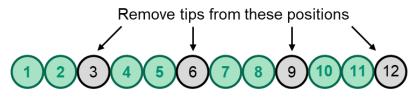


Figure 2. Tip loading strategy for using a 12-channel pipettor with a 48-well MEA plate. Load a 12-channel pipettor with eight (8) sterile 200  $\mu$ l pipette tips are arranged in the highlighted positions (green circles) for easy addition and removal of medium to a 48-well plate; the other four (4) positions (grey circles) are left empty. *Note:* Use all 12 positions with a 96-well MEA plate.

- 8. Tilt the MEA plate at a steep (>45°) angle and gently add complete BrainPhys medium down the side of the wells one row at a time. For a 48-well MEA plate, add 150 μl/well. For a 96-well MEA plate, add 100 μl/well. Adding the medium too quickly can dislodge the cells.
- 9. Slowly return the MEA plate to a flat position to allow the medium to gently cover the droplet after it has been added to all rows.
- **10.** Repeat steps 8 and 9 above. The final volume of medium needed for culturing cells in a 48-well MEA plate is 300 μl/well, while 200 μl/well is recommended for a 96-well MEA plate.
- **11.** Add an additional 2-3 ml of sterile water to the area surrounding the wells of the MEA plate to limit evaporation.
- 12. Cover the MEA plate with the lid and place it in a cell culture incubator at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

### Maintenance of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture

- 1. Equilibrate complete BrainPhys medium to room temperature prior to use.
- 2. On Day 2, perform a 50% complete medium change. Slowly aspirate the spent medium from the MEA plate using a 12-channel pipettor and replace with the same volume of complete BrainPhys medium.
- **3.** Maintain the co-culture in the MEA plate by replacing 50% of the spent medium with complete BrainPhys medium every 2-3 days.
- 4. Incubate the MEA plate in a cell culture incubator at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub> after changing the medium.

## **Data Acquisition and Analysis**

#### **Data Acquisition**

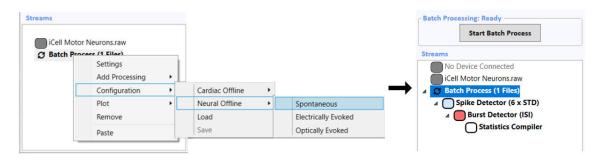
Baseline activity of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture can be viewed at any point in time during the MEA assay. Please refer to the AxIS Navigator software User Guide (located under the "Help" menu) and the Maestro Pro MEA system manual for detailed instructions on how to acquire data. For consistent measurements of neural network activity, however, the following steps are recommended:

- 1. On the day of recording, replace 50% of the spent medium with complete BrainPhys medium approximately 2-4 hours before data acquisition.
- 2. Allow the MEA plate to equilibrate at 37°C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub> directly on the Maestro Pro instrument for at least 10 minutes prior to recording.
- 3. Record for 5-10 minutes (300-600 seconds) to adequately capture network bursting behavior.

#### **Data Analysis**

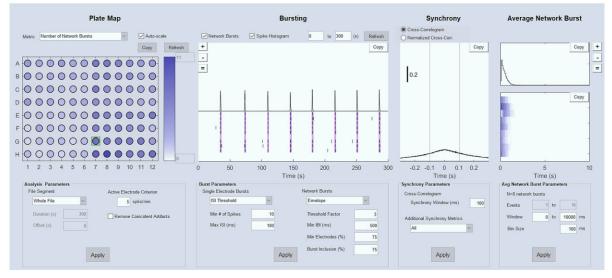
Neuronal activity on an MEA is analyzed by identifying the individual action potentials (or "spikes") and by quantifying spike timing and coordination of the spikes across the co-culture. Each MEA recording produces an output of continuous voltage in a data file called "AxIS Raw" (or .raw) that must be further processed for downstream analysis.

AxIS Navigator software converts the .raw file to an "AxIS Spike" (or .spk) file, which contains spike times and voltage waveforms organized by electrode. The .spk file is the required output file for the Neural Metric Tool (NMT) software. To begin a batch process in AxIS Navigator, click File  $\rightarrow$  New Batch Process in the Menu bar and add the desired .raw files(s) to be converted. Then, right click on the batch process that appears in the Streams window to apply the desired configuration as outlined in **Figure 3** below:



**Figure 3: Batch processing of AxIS RAW data.** The recorded MEA data (.raw file) must be converted to a "spike" (.spk) file for downstream analysis though a batch processing step performed in AxIS Navigator software. The screenshot above illustrates the process.

For network burst detection of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture, the .spk file must be loaded into the NMT software. It is recommended to use the "Envelope" settings with a "Threshold Factor" of 3 in the Bursting window. Typically, the "Min Electrodes (%)" and the "Burst Inclusion (%)" can be set at 50% or greater. It is also important to select "All" from the dropdown menu for "Additional Synchrony Metrics" in the Synchrony window as this is not the default setting. See Figure 4 below for a screenshot from the NMT analysis window.



**Figure 4. Neural Metric Tool analysis window.** Screenshot of the software with representative data from a 96-well MEA plate including typical settings for analysis. Values for Network Burst Parameters are editable and may be changed if needed.

After using the NMT software for advanced burst detection and calculation of synchrony metrics, the data can be exported as a Comma Separated Value (or .csv) file. The AxIS Metric Plotting Tool (AMPT) can then be used to visualize the experimental results. Please refer to the User Guides for in-depth information on how to use each of these different software tools from Axion Biosystems.

## **Compound Dosing**

## Media Change on the Day of Assay

- 1. Equilibrate complete BrainPhys medium to room temperature prior to use.
- 2. Remove the MEA plate from the cell culture incubator. Obtain a sterile cell culture plate to match the dimensions of the MEA plate (48- or 96-well).
- **3.** Transfer 150 μl of the spent medium from the MEA plate to the sterile cell culture plate, matching the plate layout.
- **4.** Add an equal volume (150 μl) of complete BrainPhys medium to the sterile cell culture plate to prepare a 50:50 mixture of spent/fresh culture medium. Total volume should be 300 μl.
- 5. Aspirate the remaining spent medium from the MEA plate and discard.
- 6. Transfer 250 μl of the 50:50 mixture of spent/fresh culture medium from the cell culture plate back to the MEA plate, again preserving the plate layout.

Note: It is recommended to perform steps 3-6 for 2 rows at a time until all wells have been completed.

7. Return the MEA plate to the cell culture incubator for at least 2-4 hours prior to compound addition.

#### **Compound Preparation**

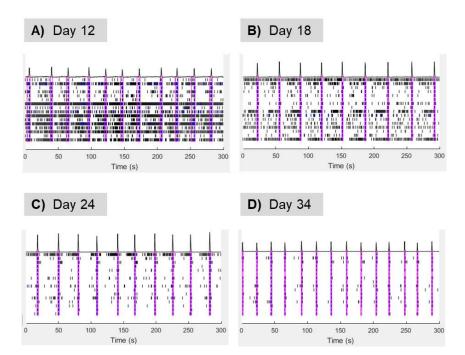
There are various approaches to compound dosing. This section offers the end user a *recommended workflow*. If the medium was changed as described above, 6X working dilutions of compound(s) are prepared as described below on the day of the assay.

- 1. Prepare an initial stock solution of compound in DMSO at ≥1000X the max concentration intended for use (for example 10 mM). Store the stock solution at -20°C until use.
- 2. Dilute the compound stock with complete BrainPhys medium to 6X the target concentration.

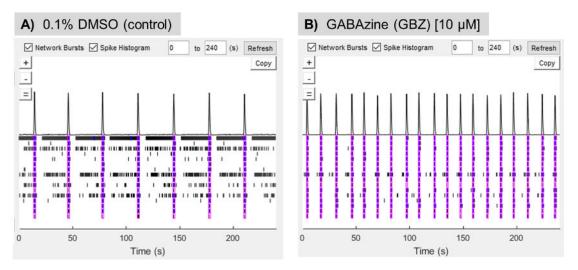
**Note:** For example, to dose cells with picrotoxin at a final 1X concentration of 10  $\mu$ M (and a final percentage of DMSO at 0.1%), dilute 6  $\mu$ l of the 10 mM DMSO stock of picrotoxin into 1000  $\mu$ l of complete BrainPhys medium to obtain 60  $\mu$ M compound in 0.6% DMSO.

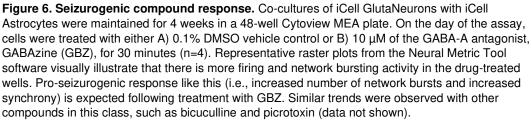
- 3. Repeat steps 1-2 for all compounds and all concentrations to be tested. Allow the 6X compound solutions to equilibrate to 37°C in an incubator for ≥15 minutes.
- 4. Perform a baseline recording after at least 2-4 hours post-medium change on the day of assay.
- Transfer 50 ul of the 6X working dilution of compound to the appropriate wells of the MEA plate. Gently mix the total volume of 300 µl by pipetting 2-3 times using the same tips.
- 6. Perform a post-dose recording 30 minutes after compound treatment.

## **Representative Data**



**Figure 5. Development of neural networks over time.** Representative raster plots taken from the same well of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture on a 48-well Cytoview MEA plate at different days post-thaw. Every spike in the raster plots indicates an action potential. The neural co-cultures are highly active early on (numerous black tick marks), but soon transition into more organized, synchronously bursting networks (indicated by pink boxes) aligned across every electrode.





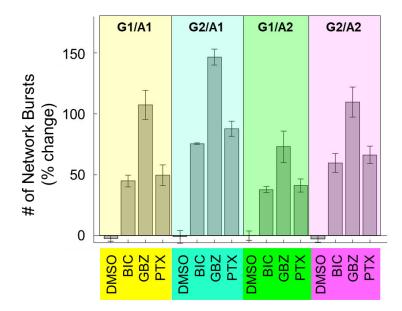


Figure 7. Consistency of drug response across cell lots. Different combinations of iCell GlutaNeurons with iCell Astrocytes in co-culture (i.e., G1/A1 in yellow, G2/A1 in blue, G1/A2 in green, and G2/A2 in purple) were maintained for 4 weeks on the same 48-well Cytoview MEA plate. On the day of the assay, cells were treated with either DMSO (0.1% vehicle control), BIC (10  $\mu$ M bicuculline), GBZ (30  $\mu$ M GABAzine) or PTX (10  $\mu$ M picrotoxin) for 30 minutes (n=3). Exposure to GABA-A receptor antagonists resulted in seizurogenic effects, indicated here by an increase in the number of network bursts.

## Summary

iCell GlutaNeurons are a highly active population of human iPSC-derived neurons that can be used for numerous *in vitro* applications. Co-culture with iCell Astrocytes elevates the MEA assay performance by establishing a more consistent and longer-lasting model of neural network activity. Individual action potentials can be detected on the MEA within days post-plating; however, periodic bursts involving the whole network across almost every electrode require at least 2-3 weeks to develop and can last much longer in culture if maintained properly. After synchronous bursting is achieved, cells can be dosed with compounds to assess the impact on network activity and to quantify pro-seizurogenic risk. The methods presented in this Application Protocol highlight the ease of using iCell GlutaNeurons and iCell Astrocytes together in co-culture on the Maestro Pro MEA system for safety/tox and neuronal electrophysiology applications.

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#### **Revision History**

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